Quo Vadis Management Education

Madhulika Kaushik

Degree of fit now questioned

- Economic crisis and Aftermath
- Spring eternal of Hope.....is it drying up?
- The quintessential equation of consumer expectations and Performance of the Management Education sector is now skewed
 - failure of good governance has brought issues like accountability, ethics, value based management centrestage
 - Interlinked global business environment has created resultant high risk perception based on uncontrollable factors
 - Learning to know, learning to be, and learning to do key drivers of Business education content.

Needs that require a sharp focus:

- Gaining a global perspective
- Developing leadership skills
- Honing integration skills
- recognizing organizational realities and tightening implementation
- Creativity and innovation
- Thinking critically And communicating clearly
- Clearly understanding role ,responsibilities and purpose of business
- Redefining constantly underlying assumptions and risks, learning about sources of error in decisions and creating safeguards to prevent recurrence

Some trends that merit attention

- Move away from the two year, full time programs and a shift towards a more diverse set of offerings including one year MBAs, part time MBA's, executive programs, online and distributed programs
- Increasingly, questioning by employers of the value added by the MBA
- Hiring of Graduates or technical professionals by industry and training them in house for a customized managerial product .(Investment banking and financial services.....)
- Substantial impact on the MBA market place, declining full time enrollments - of AACSB credited schools, full time programs account for only 40 percent of the enrollment in graduate business programs.

Curricula, pedagogy and architecture

- Standardization vs differentiation debate
 - Core or required courses which constitute 40 -55% do not vary much across top schools
 - Pedagogy is found to differ significantly- role of technology
 - Architecture in terms of structure sequence and requirements seemed to vary widely
- Far greater degree of flexibility offered in terms of electives, combined specializations additional credits
- Group work, team based projects on the rise; innovative approaches to leadership, innovation, globalisation, risk management
- focus on Creativity, communication and implementation skills still missing

Some unabridged gaps between Industry needs and B school output

- Between B school academic research and knowledge needs of practicing managers
- Academic Empahsis on analytic framworks and QT vs soft/ organisational skills
- Learning and knowledge vs doing
- Risk bearing vs stakeholder accountability

Restructuring Management Education

- One leading criticism: MBAs linear thinkers who lack flexibility
- Vision of Management Education: An internationally recognized business school that prepares high potential individuals to manage, build, and lead value creating, globally competitive organizations primarily by providing integrated management education
- Enable understanding of change and proactively managing it with accountability- pure Functionalism in ME is thus dysfunctional
- leadership, strategic, and financial skills necessary to successfully compete globally must be fully integrated

The role of a good Business Education-Develop:

- (1) leadership capability to build a team that will implement
- (2) competitive strategies that will enable an organization to be
- (3)financially healthy in a
- (4) global market place, through effective use of
- (5) Human resources and information technology(Lathem et. al. 2004,2009).

To deliver these, a program should

- functional knowledge, problem solving, global perspective, leadership, ethical judgment and decision making,
- adaptability, communication, managing information technology and finally management competency of Integration (Hallinger and Snidvongs 2008).

Paths to take

- Imperatives to change will only become stronger- Inertia or cosmetic changes will only postpone crisis: Time to Act is NOW
- Rebalancing of disciplinary focus
- Straddle the two culture problem of Business schools
- Greater flexibility for clinical appointments
- Drawing on interdisciplinary resources
- As society shifts placement priorities specialisation focus also on Entrepreneurship, social sectors, not for profit organisations
- Identify and retain viable business models- adapt to changes in lifestyles and knowledge acquisition –power of social media, content proliferation, role of teacher and the school